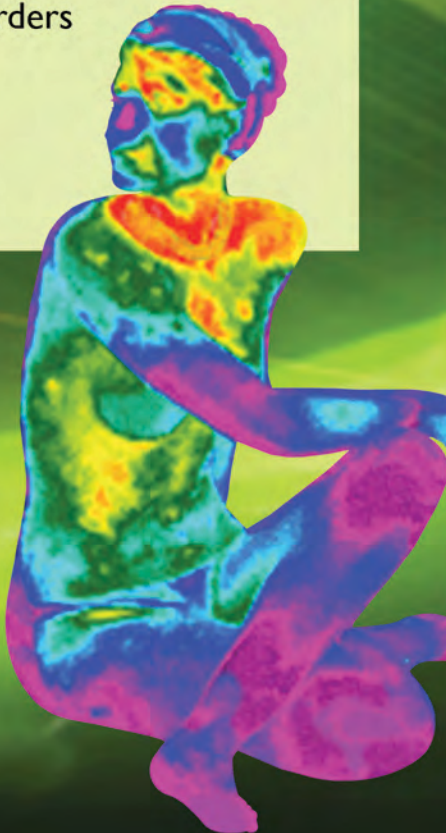


Thermography is a safe, adjunctive screening method helpful in the diagnosis and documentation of other selected

Health SCREENINGS

- Full Body Thermal Imaging
- Breast Health Screening
- Thyroid Screening
- Lymphatic Congestion
- Nervous System Disorders
- Abdominal Inflammation
- Vascular System Analysis
- Neuromuscular Disorders
- Muscular Disorders
- Vascular Screening
- Other Pathologies



in association with



presents

Breast & Full Body Thermography System

MEDPRO MÓVIL LLC.

1-800-935-7841
www.medpromovil.com

An Exclusive Distributor of
BTI Breast & Full Body Thermography systems
in the State of New York.

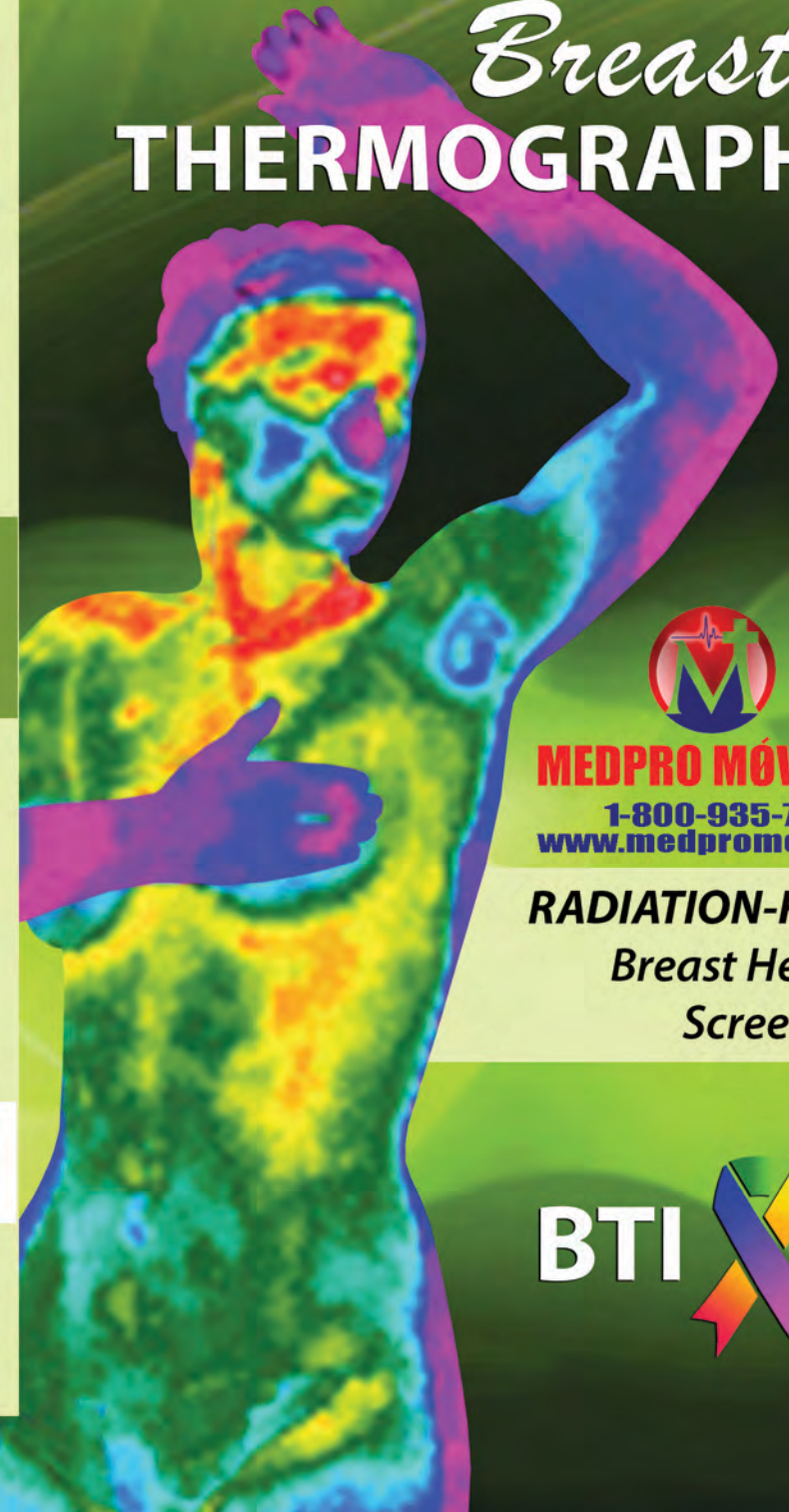


All reports are reviewed and signed by senior interpreter **Alexander Sepper, MD, Ph.D.**

Dr. Sepper has practiced over 30 years as a Gynecologist and has performed 100's of thousands of thermal studies for women with ovarian and breast cancer.

*Thermography is not a replacement or substitute for mammograms or other methods of accepted screening for cancer.
Follow the advice of your doctor.*

Breast THERMOGRAPHY



MEDPRO MÓVIL LLC.
1-800-935-7841
www.medpromovil.com

RADIATION-FREE
Breast Health
Screening





MEDPRO MÓVIL LLC.



Connie (82) has agreed to participate in an investigational report performed by PACT.

Below is a testimonial of her thermographic experience:

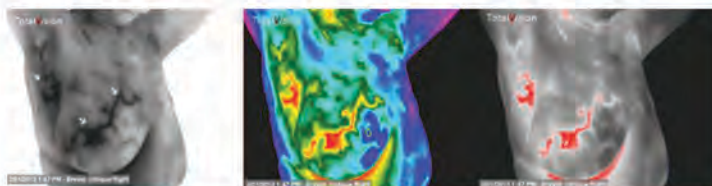
"In 2007 my thermogram indicated a possible pathology in the right breast between 9 and 12 o'clock. I was diagnosed in February of 2012 with cancer exactly where the thermogram revealed it to be all those years ago.

I had a mammogram in 2009 with negative results. In 2011 my general practitioner performed an exam, felt nothing and gave me a clean bill of health. One year later the GP felt a mass and strongly urged a mammogram. It revealed a large mass between 9 and 12 o'clock. My concurrent thermogram showed not only the mass, but possible involvement of the lymph nodes as well.

Due to my doctor's dismissive attitude towards thermography, I did not take the 2007 report seriously. I allowed three years to pass before my next mammogram. Now I have been diagnosed with invasive breast cancer (5.4 cm mass), 31 lymph nodes removed of which 16 are involved (stage 3 or 4 cancer).

This was truly a learning experience for me – thermograms do count! I could have prevented this! Now I am engaged in a battle with cancer, including chemotherapy and possibly radiation."

Connie's recent thermogram



WHAT IS THERMOGRAPHY

Thermography is a **radiation-free**, state-of-the-art screening procedure that uses heat detection to locate areas of temperature differences in the body. Most pathological processes demonstrate a form of increased heat, and some neurological processes show excessive cold, or hypothermia. Breast disease can be detected by looking for areas of excessive or increasing heat that may indicate areas of angiogenesis, or increase of blood vessels supplied by a growing tumor.

Thermography has been used for breast cancer detection since 1956. It was cleared by the FDA in 1982 as an adjunctive procedure for breast cancer screening. There are over 800 published studies in peer-reviewed journals about thermography of the breast alone. Most of these articles show the success rate of breast thermography greater than 90%. A 2008 study at the New York Presbyterian Hospital in Cornell was published in the American Journal of Surgery showing a 97% sensitivity.

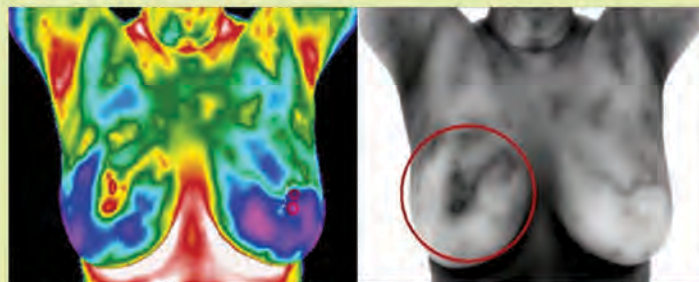


Image	Zone	Min	Delta T(Min)	Max	Delta T(Max)	Avg	Delta T(Avg)
Left	1	29.67	2.90	30.59	2.91	30.25	3.04
Left	2	26.77		27.68		27.21	
Left	3	29.58	2.28	30.25	1.74	29.97	2.26

Thermography is used for general breast health assessment. As toxins and excessive hormones create increased heat in the breast, monitoring of these heat patterns is an excellent way to promote wellness and see the response to various health approaches and treatments.

NO RADIATION, NO CONTACT

Many women, including some doctors, fear mammograms are causing overtreatment and resulting in more cases of cancer. According to a recent study published by scientists in the New England Journal of Medicine, 1.3 million US women have received unnecessary and invasive cancer treatments including surgery, radiology, hormone therapy and chemotherapy over the last 30 years. This is in large part due to routine mammograms detecting harmless tumors. Other studies conducted in European countries have concluded mammograms reduce the risk of death from cancer by less than 10 percent or not at all. Thermography can reduce the number of false positives and overtreatment of breast cancer by demonstrating whether a tumor is metabolically active or not when combined with anatomical testing.



YOUNG WOMEN AT RISK

Over 20,000 cases of breast cancer have been reported annually in women under the age of 40. This population has been consistently neglected by traditional breast cancer screenings. When cancer strikes younger women, it is typically a more aggressive form and is less likely to respond to treatment. There is currently no other routine screening test for women under 40. Thermography is an ideal test for this age group considering it is a radiation-free screening.